

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

Unaudited



NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the Company's interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants for a review of financial statements by an entity's auditor.

"Bahman Yamini"	"Kerry Spong"
President and Chief Executive Officer	Vice President, Finance & CFO

May 24, 2017

CANASIL RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

ASSETS	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,750,431	\$ 2,265,376
Marketable securities (Note 3)	1,592,500	1,659,000
Receivables	104,233	47,230
Prepaid expenses	 9,701	11,381
	3,456,865	3,982,987
Reclamation bonds	40,000	28,000
Property and equipment	 46,096	47,187
	\$ 3,542,961	\$ 4,058,174
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 394,768	\$ 137,597
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 5)		
Citaro Capitar (Note o)	21,437,985	21,437,985
Contributed surplus	21,437,985 6,514,588	21,437,985 6,257,759
Contributed surplus	 6,514,588	6,257,759
Contributed surplus Accumulated other comprehensive income	 6,514,588 1,141,837	6,257,759 1,199,692

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1) Commitments (Note 8) Subsequent event (Note 10)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:	
"Alvin Jackson"	_, Directo
"Michael McInnis"	. Directo

CANASIL RESOURCES INC.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Expressed in Canadian Dollars *Unaudited*

	Number of Shares		Share Capital (Notes 5,6)		Convertible Debenture (Note 4)		Contributed Surplus (Note 6)	С	Accumulated Other omprehensive Income		Deficit		Total
Balance - December 31, 2015	84,659,872	\$	17,588,877	\$	4,323,549 \$	6	1,783,712	\$	21,000	\$	(23,713,223) \$;	3,915
Private placement – shares	2,000,000	*	300,000	Ψ	.,0_0,0.0	•	-,	•	,	Ψ	(==0,1 :=0,===0) -		00,000
Private placement – shares	4,100,000		902,000		_		_		_		_		2,000
Share issuance costs	-		(56,558)		-		_		_		-		6,558)
Convertible debenture			, ,									,	,
forfeited without repayment	-		-		(4,323,549)		4,323,549		-		-		-
Share-based compensation	-		-		-		64,997		-		-	6	64,997
Comprehensive loss for									040.000		(070.040)	/0	
the period	-				-		-		210,382		(272,618)	(6	52,236)
Balance – March 31, 2016	90,759,872		18,734,319		_		6,172,258		231,382		(23,985,841)	1,15	52,118
Private placement – units	8,000,000		2,560,000		-		· · · · -		-		-	2,56	80,000
Finders [;] warrants issued	-		(43,943)		-		43,943		-		_		-
Share issuance costs	-		(146,276)		-		-		_		-	(14	16,276)
Exercise of warrants	3,000,000		300,000		-		-		-		-		00,000
Exercise of stock options	137,500		20,250		-		-		-		-	2	20,250
Fair value of options			40.00-				(40.00=)						
exercised	-		13,635		-		(13,635)		-		-		-
Convertible debenture advances					55,193							5	55,193
Convertible debenture	-		-		55, 195		-		-		-	5	5, 193
forfeited without repayment	_		_		(55,193)		55,193		_		_		_
Comprehensive loss for					(,)		,						
the period	-		-		-		-		968,310		(989,018)	(2	20,708)
Balance - December 31, 2016	101,897,372		21,437,985		-		6,257,759		1,199,692		(24,974,859)	3.92	20,577
Share-based compensation	-		, ,		_		256,829		-,,		(= :,0: :,000)		6,829
Comprehensive loss for							200,020					20	0,020
the period	-		-		-		-		(57,855)		(971,358)	(1,02	29,213)
Balance - March 31, 2017	101,897,372	\$	21,437,985	\$	- \$	5	6,514,588	\$	1,141,837	\$	(25,946,217) \$	3,14	18,193

⁻ See Accompanying Notes -

CANASIL RESOURCES INC.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31

Expressed in Canadian Dollars *Unaudited*

	2017	2016
Expenses		
Accounting and audit	\$ 8,841	\$ 7,689
Depreciation	1,091	1,266
Director fees	12,000	-
Exploration and evaluation (Note 4)	547,830	259,392
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(7,134)	11,614
Interest income	(3,957)	(675)
Investor relations and promotions	1,877	2,474
Legal fees	6,205	1,641
Listing and filing fees	6,800	7,261
Management fees	37,500	19,500
Office rent, services and supplies	18,536	18,116
Salaries, wages and consulting	58,944	45,017
Shareholder communications	11,157	6,055
Share-based compensation (Note 6)	256,829	64,997
Transfer agent fees	2,104	2,078
Travel and accommodation	 4,090	4,291
Total operating expenses	(962,713)	(450,716)
Gain on sale of marketable securities (Note 3)	 -	143,524
Loss for the period before taxes	(962,713)	(307,192)
Deferred income tax (expense) recovery (Note 3)	 (8,645)	34,574
Loss for the period	(971,358)	(272,618)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		
Realized gain on marketable securities (Note 3) Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	-	(143,524)
Change in fair value of marketable securities,		
net of taxes (Note 3)	 (57,855)	353,906
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (1,029,213)	\$ (62,236)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding – basic and diluted	101,897,372	86,611,520

CANASIL RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31

Expressed in Canadian Dollars *Unaudited*

CASH RESOURCES PROVIDED BY (USED IN)		2017		2016
Operating activities Loss for the period Items not involving cash Depreciation Gain on sale of marketable securities	\$	(971,358) 1,091 -	\$	(272,618) 1,266 (143,524)
Deferred income tax expense (recovery) Share-based compensation		8,645 256,829		(34,574) 64,997
Changes in non-cash working capital Receivables Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(57,003) 1,680 257,171 (502,945)		35,949 (912) (97,540) (446,956)
Investing activities Proceeds on sale of marketable securities Reclamation bonds		(12,000) (12,000)		213,480 - 213,480
Financing activities Share capital issued for cash Share issuance costs Due to related parties, net of repayments		- - - -		1,202,000 (56,558) (80,000) 1,065,442
Change in cash for the period		(514,945)		831,966
Cash position - beginning of period		2,265,376		203,294
Cash position - end of period	\$	1,750,431	\$	1,035,260
Supplemental schedule of non-cash financing transactions				
Convertible debenture transferred to contributed surplus (Note 4) Unrealized losses on marketable securities	\$ \$	- 66,500	\$ \$	4,323,549 -

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Canasil Resources Inc. (the "Company") is a mineral exploration company incorporated in British Columbia with its head office located at 1760 – 750 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia. The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage with respect to its interests in mineral properties, which are located in Canada and Mexico. Based on the information available to date, the Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain economically recoverable ore reserves. The Company's continuing operation is dependent upon the confirmation of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the financing necessary to maintain operations and successfully complete its exploration and development, and the attainment of future profitable production.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at March 31, 2017 the Company had working capital of \$3,062,097, which it considers adequate to fund its budgeted overhead and currently planned exploration activities for the ensuing twelve months. However, the Company has no source of operating revenue, is unable to self-finance operations, and has significant cash requirements to meet its overhead and maintain its mineral interests. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company has incurred operating losses since inception and as at March 31, 2017 had an accumulated deficit of \$25,946,217.

These financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future. While the Company has been successful in the past at raising funds, there can be no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance and basis of presentation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. These statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments and information considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these financial statements.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements including the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016. All financial information presented herein is unaudited. The Company's board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on May 24, 2017.

Basis of measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for those items classified as fair value through profit and loss or available-for-sale financial assets, using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Principles of consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its significant wholly-owned subsidiaries, CRD Minerals Corp. ("CRD"), Minera Canasil S.A. de C.V. and Minera CRD S.A. de C.V. ("Minera CRD"). All significant inter-company transactions, balances, and unrealized foreign exchange translation gains or losses have been eliminated.

Foreign currency translation

The presentation currency of the Company and the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at rates approximating those in effect at the time of the transactions. Monetary items are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date and non-monetary items are translated at historical exchange rates. Translation gains and losses are reflected in profit or loss for the period.

3. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Concurrently with entering into an option agreement with Orex Minerals Inc. ("Orex") on the Sandra-Escobar project (Note 4), in September 2015 the Company acquired 1,400,000 common shares of Orex under a private placement at a cost of \$350,000. On September 25, 2015, Orex and Barsele Minerals Corp. ("Barsele") completed a plan of arrangement such that each old share of Orex was exchanged for one new share of Orex plus one common share of Barsele. In February 2016, the Company sold 700,000 Orex shares. These shares are designated as available-for-sale securities. Details as at March 31 are as follows:

	Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value
	2017	2017	2017	2016
Orex Minerals Inc.	700,000	\$ 69,956	\$ 136,500	\$ 308,000
Barsele Minerals Corp.	1,400,000	210,088	1,456,000	238,000
		\$ 280,044	\$ 1,592,500	\$ 546,000

Changes in the fair value of these securities for the periods ended March 31 are as follows:

	 2017	2016
Fair value – beginning of period	\$ 1,659,000	\$ 371,000
Proceeds on sale – 700,000 Orex shares	-	(213,480)
Change in fair value	(66,500)	388,480
Fair value – end of period	\$ 1,592,500	\$ 546,000

The Company's available-for-sale securities are carried at fair value measured using a Level 1 fair value measurement whereby the carrying value is determined by using the quoted closing price of the security as at the balance sheet date. During the period, the Company recorded unrealized losses of \$57,855, net of deferred income tax impact of \$8,645, through accumulated other comprehensive income.

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION

The Company expenses costs relating to the exploration and evaluation of its mineral properties in the period incurred. A description of the Company's mineral interests follows:

Sandra-Escobar project, Mexico

The Company has staked the Sandra claims located in Durango State, Mexico. In accordance with a 2008 agreement with Pan American Silver Corp. ("Pan American"), the Company also earned a 40% interest in Pan American's Escobar claims in 2012, which are contiguous with the Sandra claims. In addition to these claims, the Company has also acquired various other claims in the area from third parties, all of which form the Sandra-Escobar project.

In September 2015, the Company signed an option agreement with Orex on the Sandra-Escobar project providing Orex with the right to earn up to a 65% interest in the project. Orex can earn an initial 55% interest by paying the Company \$500,000 (received) and incurring US\$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures over a three-year period. Orex could earn an additional 10% interest by paying the Company \$500,000 in cash or shares, at Orex's option, and incurring an additional US\$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures within two years. In January 2017, Orex advised the Company that they had completed the required expenditures of US\$2,000,000 and that they intended to earn a 55% interest and form a joint venture to further develop the project.

Salamandra project, Mexico

The Salamandra project, located in Durango State, Mexico, was acquired through staking of claims and an option to purchase a 100% interest in the central 900 hectares of claims based on a schedule of payments, of which US\$225,000 has been paid to date, and subject to a net smelter returns royalty ("NSR"). Subsequent to March 31, 2017, the Company renegotiated the terms of this agreement (Note 10).

In May 2013, the Company signed an option agreement with MAG Silver Corp. ("MAG") on the Salamandra project providing MAG with the right to earn up to a 70% interest in the project. In February 2016, MAG withdrew from the agreement without earning an interest. The Company received a total of \$500,000 in cash payments from MAG during the term of the agreement.

Under the agreement, MAG had the option of incurring qualifying expenditures on the Salamandra property either directly, or by advancing funds to CRD under a non-interest bearing convertible debenture, which funds would be used to incur expenditures on the property by Minera CRD. In February 2016, MAG withdrew from the agreement without earning an interest in the project. During the term of the agreement, MAG advanced a total of \$4,378,742 under the convertible debenture.

The terms of the option agreement provided MAG with the right to convert the debenture into common shares of CRD such that MAG would hold up to a 70% interest in CRD upon exercise of the option. The agreement also provided that should MAG withdraw from the agreement prior to earning an interest, it would forfeit its interest in the convertible debenture. Since the convertible debenture would either be converted into shares or forfeited without repayment, it has been treated as an equity instrument in these financial statements. Accordingly, upon MAG's withdrawal from the agreement, the balance of the convertible debenture has been reclassified to contributed surplus within shareholders' equity.

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

4. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION** – continued

La Esperanza project, Mexico

During 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement to earn a 100% interest in certain claims within the La Esperanza project, subject to an NSR of up to 1%, which was purchased by the Company in 2016 for US\$15,000. The claims are located in Zacatecas State, Mexico. The Company acquired a 100% interest in these claims in May 2011 and from 2006 to 2010, the Company added further claims by direct staking to increase the size of the project area.

Other projects

The Company has staked other claims located in Durango State, Mexico, which include the Colibri, Carina, Victoria, Vizcaino, and Nora projects. The Company has also staked and holds claims in British Columbia, Canada, which include the Brenda, Lil, Vega, and Granite projects. The Company holds a 100% interest in all of these projects.

Mineral title

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties is in good standing.

Expenditures for the periods ending March 31, by activity, are as follows:

	2017	2016
Administration	\$ 35,806	\$ 69,637
Assays	10,275	· -
Consulting	· -	7,307
Drilling	290,809	-
Field costs	12,981	6,354
Geological	57,621	10,911
Land holding costs	120,868	164,262
Mapping and surveying	3,011	-
Road building	11,637	-
Transportation and rentals	 4,822	921
	\$ 547,830	\$ 259,392

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

4. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION** - continued

Expenditures for the periods ended March 31 and cumulative expenditures to March 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Expenditures 2017	Expenditures 2016	Cumulative 2017
Brenda, Canada	\$ 6,016	\$ _	\$ 2,349,203
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	(206, 329)
Vega, Canada	3,279	4,290	247,659
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	(20,574)
Other, Canada	2,310	-	141,233
- Expenditure recoveries	· -	-	(14,115)
Sandra-Escobar, Mexico	36,514	20,478	1,822,969
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	(86,609)
 Option payments received 	-	-	(500,000)
Salamandra, Mexico	28,895	116,413	6,003,004
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	(223,652)
 Option payments received 	-	-	(553,989)
La Esperanza, Mexico	433,616	60,729	2,179,979
- Expenditure recoveries	-	-	(262,373)
 Option payments received 	-	-	(300,000)
Other, Mexico	37,200	57,482	3,352,404
- Expenditure recoveries	· <u>-</u>	-	(131,346)
 Option payments received 	-	-	(133,471)
	\$ 547,830	\$ 259,392	\$ 13,663,993

5. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of voting common shares without par value.

Private placements

In February 2016, the Company completed a private placement of 2,000,000 shares at a price of \$0.15 per share for gross proceeds of \$300,000. The Company paid legal and filing fees of \$3,108 in respect of this private placement.

In March 2016, the Company completed a private placement of 4,100,000 shares at a price of \$0.22 per share for gross proceeds of \$902,000. The Company paid a 6% finder's fee of \$33,000 for a portion of the shares placed. The Company also paid a due diligence fee of \$15,190 and filing fees of \$5,260 in respect of this private placement.

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

5. SHARE CAPITAL – continued

Private placements - continued

In June 2016, the Company completed a private placement of 8,000,000 units at a price of \$0.32 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,560,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.50 for a period of two years. The Company paid finders' fees on a portion of the placement, which consisted of 6% in cash and 3% in warrants, with each finder's warrant having the same terms as the placement warrants. The Company paid total finders' fees of \$124,320 and issued 194,250 warrants to qualified finders. The fair value of the finders' warrants was estimated at \$43,943 using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the following weighted-average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.54%, expected dividend yield of 0.00%, estimated stock price volatility of 115%, and expected option life of two years. In addition, the Company paid \$21,956 in legal and filing fees in respect of the placement. The warrants are subject to an accelerated exercise clause such that the Company has the right to accelerate the expiry date of the warrants upon 20 days written notice should the trading price of the Company's shares exceed \$0.80 for a period of 20 consecutive trading days.

6. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Stock option and share purchase warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Warr	8	Options			
			Weighted			Weighted
			Average			Average
			Exercise			Exercise
	Number		Price	Number		Price
Outstanding, December 31, 2015	3,000,000	\$	0.10	7,050,000	\$	0.10
Issued/granted	4,194,250	\$	0.50	450,000	\$	0.21
Exercised	(3,000,000)	\$	0.10	(137,500)	\$	0.15
Expired		\$	-	(200,000)	\$	0.35
Outstanding, December 31, 2016	4,194,250	\$	0.50	7,162,500	\$	0.10
Issued/granted		\$	-	735,000	\$	0.20
Outstanding, March 31, 2017	4,194,250	\$	0.50	7,897,500	\$	0.11
Exercisable, March 31, 2017	4,194,250	\$	0.50	7,897,500	\$	0.11

CANASIL RESOURCES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

6. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS - continued

At March 31, 2017, the Company had outstanding stock options and warrants enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

	Number of Shares	Exercise Price	
Options	262,500 375,000 4,950,000 400,000 1,175,000 735,000	\$ 0.18 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.06 \$ 0.21 \$ 0.20 \$ 0.20	January 4, 2019 December 21, 2020 March 1, 2021 January 20, 2022 <i>(i)</i>
	7,897,500		
	Number of Shares	Exercise Price	
Warrants	762,500 3,431,750 4,194,250	\$ 0.50 \$ 0.50	•

⁽i) On January 20, 2017, these options were amended to extend their expiry date from January 20, 2017 to January 20, 2022 with all other terms remaining unchanged.

At March 31, 2017, the weighted-average remaining life for the outstanding stock options was 3.80 years and 1.24 years for the outstanding warrants.

Share-based compensation

The following table presents information relating to incentive stock options granted to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company during the periods ended March 31. Share-based compensation is recorded over the vesting period.

	 2017	2016
Total options granted/extended	 1,910,000	450,000
Average exercise price	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.21
Estimated fair value of options granted/extended	\$ 256,829	\$ 64,997
Estimated fair value per option	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.14

The fair value of the share-based compensation to be recognized in the accounts has been estimated using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2017	2016
Risk-free interest rate	1.14%	0.66%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	95%	89%
Expected forfeiture rate	0.00%	0.00%
Expected option life in years	5.00	5.00

CANASIL RESOURCES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

6. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS – continued

The Company has recorded share-based compensation as follows:

	 2017	2016
Number of options vested in period	 1,910,000	450,000
Compensation recognized in period	\$ 256,829	\$ 64,997

0047

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

The Company had transactions with related persons or corporations, which were undertaken in the normal course of operations as follows:

- accounts payable includes \$7,287 (December 31, 2016 \$nil) in legal fees due to a law firm of which an officer of the Company is a partner and \$12,000 (December 31, 2016 \$nil) in accrued director fees:
- key management includes executive and non-executive directors and officers. The compensation paid or payable to key management for the periods ended March 31 is as follows:

	2017	2016
Salaries and wages	\$ 56,250	\$ 37,500
Management fees	37,500	19,500
Director fees	12,000	-
Legal fees	 7,707	1,641
	\$ 113,457	\$ 58,641

In addition, the Company recorded share-based compensation of \$197,415 (2016 - \$nil), which relates to incentive stock options granted to directors and officers. Share-based compensation is a non-cash item calculated using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the assumptions detailed in Note 6.

8. COMMITMENTS

The Company has a lease agreement for office premises that expires on September 30, 2018. As at March 31, 2017, monthly payments were \$3,318 and include basic rent and common operating costs.

Minimum future annual lease payments (based on current common operating costs) are as follows:

	Amount
2017	\$ 30,096
2018	 30,560
	\$ 60,656

The Company has employment and management agreements with its chief executive officer and chief financial officer. These contracts for aggregate monthly compensation totalling \$31,250 per month provide for severance provisions should the contracts be terminated without cause or should there be a change of control of the Company.

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company currently operates in only one operating segment, that being the mineral exploration industry. The Company operates in the following geographical locations:

March 31, 2017	 Canada	Mexico	Total
Property and equipment	\$ 6,125	\$ 39,971	\$ 46,096
December 31, 2016	Canada	Mexico	Total
Property and equipment	\$ 6,573	\$ 40,614	\$ 47,187

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to March 31, 2017, the Company renegotiated the terms of the option agreement on certain of the Salamandra claims (*Note 4*). The amended terms provide for the Company to acquire a 100% interest in 900 hectares within the project area with a final payment of US\$25,000 bringing the total paid for these claims to US\$250,000. The claims will be subject to a 0.5% NSR that can be purchased from the owner for US\$500,000.



Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis

Quarterly Highlights

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

The Company has elected to provide "Quarterly Highlights" as provided for a venture issuer by Section 2.2.1 of National Instrument 51-102F1.

INTRODUCTION

Canasil Resources Inc. ("Canasil" or the "Company") is a junior mineral exploration company listed under the trading symbol "CLZ" on the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company is engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties with prospects for silver, gold, copper, zinc and lead in Durango and Zacatecas States, Mexico, and in British Columbia, Canada. The Company's project portfolio includes seven silver-focused projects in Mexico, and four projects in British Columbia, two of which are prospective for hosting copper-gold porphyry mineralized systems.

This Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is dated May 24, 2017 and provides information on the Company's activities for the three months ended March 31, 2017, and subsequent activity to the date of this report. Consequently, this MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's March 31, 2017 condensed interim consolidated financial statements, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

Effective with this first quarter of its 2017 fiscal year, the Company has elected to provide interim MD&A disclosure under the "Quarterly Highlights" regime as set out in Section 2.2.1 of National Instrument 51-102F1. Discussion of the Company, its operations and associated risks is further described in the Company's filings, which include the December 31, 2016 MD&A and audited consolidated financial statements, available for viewing at www.sedar.com.

QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

Highlights of the Company's activities during the period under review are as follows:

- completed a 2,452-metre drill program at its La Esperanza project in Durango and Zacatecas States, Mexico;
- received notice from Orex Minerals Inc. ("Orex") advising that it would be electing to earn a 55% interest in the Sandra-Escobar project in Durango State, Mexico, and to form a 55:45 joint venture and that it would forego the second option to earn a 65% interest in the project;
- renegotiated the terms of the option agreement on the central 900 hectares of its Salamandra project in Durango State, Mexico;
- continued progress on its comprehensive review and update of the data bases on its BC projects.

Further information regarding the Company's corporate and exploration activities is provided below.

OUTLOOK

Following a protracted downturn in precious metal and commodity prices and the resource sector from mid-2011 to the end of 2015, gold, silver and metal prices staged a marked recovery in 2016. Silver traded up to US\$20 per ounce by June/July 2016, up from US\$14 per ounce at the beginning of the year. However, during the second half of 2016 silver prices were volatile and gradually declined back to US\$16 per ounce by December 2016. This was mainly due to prospects of higher interest rates in the United States and the increase in the value of the U.S. dollar following the U.S. elections in November 2016. In 2017 to the date of this report, silver prices have continued to be volatile, increasing to US\$18 per ounce in February and April 2017, only to go back to around US\$16 per ounce in early May before going back to US\$17 per ounce at the time of this report. This has dampened some of the earlier optimism for the resource and exploration sectors seen in the first half of 2016. The Company managed to use this window in 2016 to significantly strengthen its working capital which continues to assist management in considering initiatives such as the drill program completed at the La Esperanza project with positive results.

Larger and mid-tier mining companies are still interested in opportunities to advance exploration projects and in acquiring new projects, which are positive factors given the Company's strong portfolio of exploration projects. The Company is reviewing the recent encouraging drill results from the La Esperanza project, and intends to undertake additional exploration work both at La Esperanza and to advance its other exploration projects in Mexico to define additional targets. The Company and Orex continue to assess the Sandra-Escobar project for ways to unlock additional potential on this large and prospect rich property. In British Columbia, the prospecting and airborne magnetics survey completed at the Vega project in late 2016, and the review of the Brenda project database in late 2016 and 2017 have highlighted the potential of these projects for hosting multiple targets for copper-gold porphyry mineralization. The generally more positive resource environment presents opportunities for concluding financing and cooperation arrangements to actively advance the Company's project portfolio, both in Mexico and British Columbia.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

As at March 31, 2017, the Company was in a strong financial position with working capital of \$3,062,097, which compares to working capital of \$3,845,390 at December 31, 2016. As the Company had no financing activities during the quarter, the decrease in working capital is due to the resources used for operations, changes in fair values of marketable securities, and an increase in reclamation bonds. The Company's working capital position consists of the following:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,750,431	\$ 2,265,376
Marketable securities (i)	1,592,500	1,659,000
Receivables	104,233	47,230
Prepaid expenses	9,701	11,381
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 (394,768)	(137,597)
Working capital	\$ 3,062,097	\$ 3,845,390

(i) At March 31, 2017, the Company held 700,000 shares of Orex and 1,400,000 shares of Barsele Minerals Inc. with market values of \$136,500 and \$1,456,000, respectively. As at the date of this report, the market values of these shares were \$126,000 and \$1,190,000 respectively.

The Company had no short- or long-term debt at March 31, 2017.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Company has no income from operations and is dependent upon raising funds through the issuance of shares or disposing of interests in its mineral properties (by option, joint venture or outright sale) in order to finance further acquisitions, undertake exploration and development of mineral properties, and meet general and administrative expenses. While the Company currently has sufficient working capital to fund its operations for the ensuing twelve months, in the long-term there can be no assurance that it will be successful in securing the financing required to continue operations and advance its mineral projects.

During the current quarter, the Company incurred cash administrative expenses of \$156,963 and cash exploration and evaluation expenses of \$547,830. Exploration costs include \$290,809 in drilling costs incurred at La Esperanza. This drill program was completed in April 2017 and therefore such costs would only be incurred in future if further drill programs are undertaken. The administrative budget and the exploration and land holding budgets for each of the Company's properties are established depending on expected cash resources and such budgets are regularly adjusted according to actual cash resources.

The Company currently has sufficient working capital to meet its budgeted overhead and planned exploration and land holding requirements for the ensuing twelve months

Commitments

The Company has employment and management agreements with its chief executive officer and chief financial officer for aggregate compensation totalling \$31,250 per month, which also provide for severance provisions should the contracts be terminated without cause or should there be a change of control of the Company. The Company has a lease agreement for its office premises that expires on September 30, 2018 and requires current payments of \$3,318 per month.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Loss for the Quarter

The loss for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 includes general and administrative expenses of \$414,883 and exploration and evaluation expenditures of \$547,300, which compare to \$191,324 and \$259,392, respectively, incurred in the comparative quarter. The Company was in a much stronger financial position and was significantly more active corporately and in the field during the first quarter of 2017 compared to the first quarter of 2016. Consequently, there was an increase in both administrative and exploration costs during the current quarter.

General and administrative expenses, excluding share-based compensation, totalled \$158,054 in the current quarter, which compares to \$126,327 in the prior year's quarter. Share-based compensation, a non-cash item, of \$256,829 was recorded during the current quarter upon the grant of 735,000 stock options and the extension of 1,175,000 existing stock options; 450,000 options were granted and \$64,997 in share-based compensation was recorded in the comparative quarter. In February 2016, the Company sold marketable securities and realized a gain of \$143,524.

The increase in exploration and evaluation expenditures for the current quarter is due primarily to drilling costs of \$290,809 incurred on the La Esperanza project. Due to a shortage of working capital, and exploration activities conducted under an option agreement, the Company had relatively low direct exploration expenditures on its mineral properties during the first quarter of 2016.

Comprehensive Loss

The Company had other comprehensive loss of \$57,855 during the quarter (2016 – other comprehensive income of \$210,382), which resulted from unrealized losses/gains on marketable securities, net of deferred income tax impact of \$8,645 (2016 - \$34,574). Comprehensive loss for the current quarter totalled \$1,029,213, which compares to a comprehensive loss of \$62,236 for the comparative quarter.

Cash Flows

Cash used for operating activities during the quarter, before changes in non-cash working capital items, was \$704,793 and compares to \$384,453 used in the comparative quarter. The increase in cash used for operations is due to an increase in general and administrative expenses of \$31,902 and exploration costs of \$288,438 for the current quarter. Significant changes in non-cash working capital items for the current quarter include an increase in value-added taxes recoverable of \$57,003 and an increase in accounts payable of \$257,171, both of which relate primarily to costs incurred on the drill program at La Esperanza. Cash used in investing activities consists of a \$12,000 increase in reclamation bonds required on the BC projects. In the comparative quarter, proceeds of \$213,480 were received from the sale of 700,000 Orex shares. There were no financing activities during the current quarter - in the comparative quarter, the Company completed two private placements for net proceeds of \$1,145,442 and repaid \$80,000 in loan advances from related parties.

MAJOR OPERATING MILESTONES

During the period under review, the Company completed a drill program at its La Esperanza project, received notice from Orex advising that it would be electing to earn a 55% interest in the Sandra-Escobar project, and renegotiated the terms of the underlying option agreement on a portion of its Salamandra project. The Company did not complete any equity financings or issue any shares from treasury during the period.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

The Company relies heavily on its directors and officers for many of its administrative and professional services. Key management includes executive and non-executive directors and officers. The compensation paid or payable to key management for the quarters ended March 31 is as follows:

	2017	2016
Salaries – chief executive officer	\$ 56,250	\$ 37,500
Management fees – chief financial officer	37,500	19,500
Director fees	12,000	-
Legal fees – law firm in which an officer is a partner	 7,707	2,499
	\$ 113,457	\$ 59,499

In addition, the Company recorded share-based compensation of \$197,415 (2016 - \$nil), which relates to incentive stock options granted to directors and officers. Share-based compensation is a non-cash item calculated using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the assumptions detailed in Note 6 to the March 31, 2017 condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

There were no significant related party balances as at March 31, 2017.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at March 31, 2017 and the date of this report, the Company had 101,897,372 common shares issued and outstanding (diluted – 113,989,122) compared to 101,897,372 common shares issued and outstanding (diluted – 113,254,122) as at December 31, 2016. In addition, there were 7,897,500 incentive stock options and 4,194,250 share purchase warrants outstanding as at March 31, 2017 and the date of this report. During the current quarter, the Company granted 735,000 new stock options and extended 1,175,000 existing options for a further five years. Notes 5 and 6 to the Company's March 31, 2017 condensed interim consolidated financial statements provide additional details regarding share capital, stock option, and warrant activity for the period.

MINERAL PROPERTY SUMMARY

The Company holds the following mineral exploration projects in Mexico and Canada:

Durango and Zacatecas, Mexico:

- Sandra silver-gold project 100%, and Escobar silver-gold claims – 40%, subject to option agreement with Orex
- Salamandra zinc-silver project 100%
- La Esperanza silver-zinc-lead project 100%
- Carina silver project 100%
- Colibri silver-zinc-lead-copper project 100%
- Vizcaino silver-gold project 100%
- Victoria zinc-silver project 100%
- Nora silver-gold-copper project 100%

British Columbia, Canada

- Brenda, gold-copper property 100%
- Vega, gold-copper property 100%
- Granite, gold property 100%
- LIL, silver property 100%

During the period under review, the Company completed a drill program at its La Esperanza project and continued with the compilation and review of the data bases on its BC projects.

La Esperanza

The La Esperanza silver-zinc-lead project claims cover 14,916 hectares and are located on the border of Durango and Zacatecas States, 100 kilometres south-southeast of the City of Durango. The project is located in a prolific mining district on the major Fresnillo silver trend, 80 kilometres northwest of the Fresnillo mine, and approximately 35 kilometres from Pan American Silver's la Colorada mine, and First Majestic Silver's La Parrilla and Del Toro mines. Systematic and comprehensive exploration programs have been conducted on the project, including satellite imaging and high resolution mapping, 1,330 line-kilometre ZTEM airborne geophysical survey, extensive geological mapping and sampling and 7,728 metres of drilling in 32 diamond drill holes. Prior drilling has returned wide high-grade silver-lead-zinc intercepts from the La Esperanza vein, which is open in all directions. The highest grade and widest intercept was from ES-06-05 which returned 10.30 metres true width of 396 grams per tonne ("g/t") silver ("Ag"), 0.71% zinc ("Zn") and 1.96% lead ("Pb"). Drilling below a blind section approximately 100 metres northwest of the La Esperanza vein outcrop intersected the higher levels of the vein system with increasing widths and grades with depth. The lowest intercept approximately 250 metres below surface intersected 8.20 metres true width with 98 g/t Ag, 0.19 g/t gold ("Au"), 1.16% Pb and 2.42% Zn, which included 1.96 metres grading 278 g/t Ag, 0.17 g/t Au, 2.84% Pb and 5.82% Zn.

Additional occurrences of silver-lead-zinc vein mineralization have also been identified in the northwest of the project area. Two of these have been tested with initial drill programs, which indicated potential for significant silver-lead-zinc mineralization. In November 2016, the Company received a drill permit covering up to 30 drill holes in the La Esperanza vein area. On December 20, 2016, the Company commenced a drill program to test the La Esperanza vein along strike and to depth from previous drill intercepts, planned for 1,500 to 2,000 metres in four to five drill holes. The Company increased the program to eight drill holes for 2,452 metres, which have now all been competed in April 2017, within the originally planned budget. All eight drill holes intercepted the La Esperanza vein extending the confirmed envelope to over 400 metres along strike and 425 metres to depth. Results have been received for all eight drill holes and were announced in news releases dated February 9, March 23, April 5, and May 2, 2017.

Results from the 2016-17 drill program are particularly encouraging as they extend the La Esperanza vein mineralization along strike to the southeast and to the northwest, as well as to depth. Furthermore, drill hole ES-17-19 returned the highest gold values recorded to date from the La Esperanza vein together with high silver values. These results open the La Esperanza vein for further expansion by drilling in both directions along strike and to depth. The surface alteration envelope of the La Esperanza vein zone has been encountered in scattered outcrops that appear to coincide with the general projection of the vein for over five kilometres along strike to the southeast. The target is coincident with a much larger magnetic anomaly detected during an airborne ZTEM survey over this area. Together with the drill results to date, this suggests the potential for additional mineralized targets associated with the La Esperanza vein for further evaluation.

Results from the 2016 - 17 La Esperanza drill program are listed in the table below:

					Hole ES-16-	12				
	Interval	- Metres	Width -	Metres	Gold	Silver	Zinc	Lead	Copper	Silver Eq
	From	To	Interval	True	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Zn %	Pb %	Cu %	Ag Eq g/
	347.36	348.94	1.58	1.36	0.08	23.0	1.98	1.31	0.04	192
la altralia a						ļ		ļ		
Including	347.36	347.83	0.47	0.41	0.08	16.5	4.81	2.89	0.02	398
And	348.47	348.94	0.47	0.41	0.16	57.9	1.74	1.45	0.11	251
	368.40	370.07	1.67	1.44	0.11	5.0	3.60	0.75	0.03	309
ncluding	369.45	370.07	0.62	0.54	0.27	8.9	9.64	2.00	0.00	584
	387.16	390.73	3.57	3.08	0.14	21.0	2.63	0.82	0.08	211
Including	387.16	389.87	2.71	2.34	0.17	26.0	2.17	1.07	0.09	206
ncluding	387.71	388.71	1.00	0.86	0.10	35.0	2.63	0.78	0.14	227
ncluding	387.71	388.01	0.30	0.26	0.12	38.2	3.57	1.43	0.14	308
And	388.01	388.35	0.34	0.29	0.08	51.5	3.31	0.66	0.20	278
And	389.36	389.87	0.51	0.44	0.54	33.2	4.38	3.64	0.13	469
		Bit fuse	ed unable to d	complete hol	e, may not ho	ve intersecte	d entire vein	structure		
		-		-	Hole ES-17-					
	421.38	422.20	0.82	0.71	0.30	131	0.64	0.23	0.84	281
			lost in cavity,							
					Hole ES-17-		· circii e veiii e			
HW Vein	176.30	179.50	3.20	2.13	0.01	38	0.50	0.14	0.02	70
		190.40	3.00	2.51	0.01	63	0.50		0.02	98
_a Esp	187.40							0.15	0.03	98
		vein interce	pt close to fa	uit, broken d			veries			
		T	1		Hole ES-17-			T		
	202.90	208.32	5.42	4.14	0.10	33	1.06	0.63	0.02	122
Including	202.90	204.95	2.05	1.56	0.05	51	1.90	1.38	0.03	215
		ν	ein intercept/	close to faul	lt, broken and	l soft materia	ıl, low recove	ries		
					Hole ES-17-	16				
	139.41	145.35	5.94	4.92	0.01	257	0.64	0.63	0.03	321
Including	143.00	145.35	2.35	1.95	0.03	628	0.90	1.52	0.08	750
Including	144.20	145.35	1.15	0.95	0.06	1,133	1.56	2.98	0.16	1,362
					Hole ES-17-	17				
HW 1 Vn	240.15	242.48	2.33	2.02	0.00	89	1.82	1.00	0.01	228
HW 2 Vn	248.33	248.60	0.27	0.23	0.04	236	0.28	8.43	0.06	618
HW 3 Vn	250.02	252.00	1.98	1.71	0.03	225	1.30	0.59	0.12	332
Including	250.02	251.21	1.19	1.03	0.03	277	2.01	0.81	0.19	438
Main Vn	258.70	265.41	6.71	5.81	0.10	204	1.83	1.46	0.07	376
Including	259.25	260.60	1.35	1.17	0.03	233	0.98	1.03	0.08	338
And	261.84	262.75	0.91	0.79	0.11	347	2.98	2.20	0.02	606
And	264.51	265.41	0.90	0.78	0.10	244	3.00	2.04	0.03	498
FW Vein	272.60	272.72	0.12	0.10	0.12 Holes ES-17-	30	3.61	1.84	0.04	310
	257.49	26E 24	7 02	6 77			0.60	0.53	0.02	1 1 1
Including	257.49 257.49	265.31 259.65	7.82 2.16	6.77 1.87	0.04	79 231	0.68 1.19	0.53 1.38	0.03	141 357
Including	258.98	259.65	0.67	0.58	0.03	358	0.70	1.85	0.03	479
ciaaiiig	233.30	200.00	0.07	0.50	Hole ES-17-:		1 0.70	1 1.00	0.05	4,3
	296.44	309.41	12.97	11.23	0.74	219	0.90	0.43	0.05	382
HW Vein	296.44	298.83	2.39	2.07	0.04	261	2.09	0.92	0.15	406
Main Vein	298.33	302.01	3.18	2.75	2.76	552	1.16	0.63	0.08	850
Including	300.73	302.01	1.28	1.11	6.39	1,281	2.23	1.25	0.18	1,938
		308.62	1.74	1.51	0.39	256	1.68	0.74	0.02	406

Sandra-Escobar

The Sandra silver-gold project covers 6,333 hectares, and is located 200 kilometres northwest of the City of Durango. The Company also has a 40% interest in the adjoining 634-hectare Escobar claims of Pan American Silver Corp., earned under an option agreement with Pan American between 2008 and 2012. The project hosts a high-level silver-gold system centered on a large altered rhyolite dome complex, with widespread silver, gold, and base metal mineralization, indicating potential for disseminated mineralization, as well as several high-grade silver-gold-base metal veins.

The Company's previous exploration programs have included extensive geological mapping and surface sampling, a 420 line-kilometre ZTEM airborne geophysical survey, petrographic analysis of surface samples, high resolution satellite imaging and topographic mapping surveys, a 1,848-metre diamond drill program in eleven drill holes, ASTER satellite alteration imaging survey and a 11.8 line-kilometre ground IP survey. These programs suggest a large hydrothermal system centred on an intrusive source, and identified five silver-gold-base metal drill targets over an area of 25 square kilometres. The results indicate a similar geologic setting to other significant silver and gold deposits in northern Durango State such as Silver Standard Resources' La Pitarrilla deposit and Argonaut Gold's San Agustin deposit.

In September 2015, the Company signed an option agreement providing Orex with the right to earn up to a 65% interest in the project. Orex can earn an initial 55% interest by paying the Company \$500,000 (received) and incurring US\$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures over a three-year period (completed). Upon vesting its 55% interest, Orex could earn an additional 10% interest by paying the Company \$500,000 in cash or shares, at Orex's option, and incurring an additional US\$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures within two years. The Company has a director in common with Orex. On January, 10, 2017, Orex advised the Company that it would be electing to earn a 55% interest in the Sandra-Escobar project and form a 55:45 joint venture and to forego the option to earn up to 65% in the project. Orex reported expenditures of approximately US\$2,100,000 on Sandra-Escobar under the option agreement.

To date Orex has completed extensive surface sampling including 3,652 soil samples and 381 chip samples, geological mapping over an area of 3.880 hectares, and a helicopter borne radiometric survey over an area of 2.400 hectares. Orex also completed four phases of core drilling for a total of 65 holes and 9,953 metres of drilling in the southeast part of the project area. These drill programs have delineated an area with disseminated near-surface silver mineralization over a strike distance of approximately 750 metres and a width of approximately 250 metres in a tabular body with a thickness varying between approximately 25 metres to 45 metres (the "Main Zone"). The highest-grade intercept from the drill program was drill hole SA-15-001 returning a 61-metre core length (43.1 metres true thickness) grading 359 g/t Ag, starting from surface. The drill program returned consistently wide mineralized intercepts starting close to surface. Typical of these intercepts were SA-16-019 returning 49.15 metres true thickness with 205 g/t Ag, SA-16-023 returning 40.50 metres true thickness grading 218 g/t Ag, and SA-16-041 returning 67.00 metres (true width 58.02 metres) of 192 g/t Ag. Drilling to the west and south of the Main Zone returned generally lower grade intercepts such as SA-16-048 with 65.00 metres (56.00 metres true width) of 114 g/t Ag and SA-16-057 with 41.00 metres (33.58 metres true width) of 108 g/t Ag. Several drill holes reported highgrade intervals within the overall mineralized intercept, such as SA-15-001 with 6.36 metres of 1,204 g/t Ag, SA-16-005 with 10.86 metres of 374 g/t Ag, SA-16-006 with 12.68 metres of 596 g/t Ag, SA-16-009 with 8.44 metres of 678 g/t Ag and SA-16-019 with 12.29 metres of 375 g/t Ag (all of these high-grade intervals are true widths). The consistency of grades within the mineralized intervals of the Main Zone is favourable, with continuous silver mineralization throughout the mineralized zone and within individual drill intercepts. Step-out holes drilled in adjacent zones to the west and northwest of the Main Zone indicated potential for additional mineralized zones in these areas.

On October 31, 2016, Orex released the results of an initial resource estimate completed by Mining Plus Consultants focused on the Main Zone for an Inferred Resource of 9.8 million tonnes grading 106 g/t Ag for a total of 33.3 million ounces Ag at a "Base Case" of 45 g/t Ag cut-off, as detailed in the table below and in Canasil and Orex news releases dated October 31, 2016.

Boleras Silver Deposit – Inferred Resource Estimate by Cut-Off Grade									
Cut-off Grade	Tonnes	Grade	Grade	Silver	Silver				
Ag (g/t)		Ag (g/t)	Ag (oz/t)	(M-g)	(oz)				
15	12,100,000	92	3.0	1,120	35,800,000				
30	11,500,000	96	3.0	1,100	35,400,000				
45	9,800,000	106	3.4	1,040	33,300,000				
60	8,000,000	118	3.8	950	30,400,000				
75	6,400,000	131	4.2	840	26,900,000				
90	5,000,000	145	4.7	720	23,100,000				

Note: Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability.

The technical report containing the foregoing Resource Estimate is available on SEDAR (www.sedar.com). The report titled "Sandra-Escobar Project Technical Report, Boleras Mineral Resource Estimate", dated December 1, 2016 (the "Technical Report") was prepared for Orex by J.M. Collins, P.Geo., A. Fowler, MAusIMM CP (Geo), and S. Butler, P. Geo., of Mining Plus Canada consulting Ltd. Mssrs. Collins, Fowler and Butler are qualified persons as defined under National Instrument 43-101 of the Canadian Securities Administrators – Standards of Disclosure for Minera Projects.

On December 15, 2016, Orex announced that metallurgical testing using conventional methods returned very low recoveries from composite samples prepared to represent the average grades reported in the Boleras deposit. Silver mineralization in the Boleras deposit is hosted along the flank of a rhyolite volcanic dome in an area of the project where prior to December 2015 there had been no drilling. Mineralization is hosted in an altered and highly permeable volcanoclastic unit, with disseminations of silver bearing minerals and broadly spaced stockwork veinlets. Orex's working model has the porphyritic rhyolite unit acting as an impermeable cap, which may have focused mineralizing fluids into the host permeable volcanoclastic unit. Geochemical analyses indicate no significant gold, lead, zinc, arsenic and antimony associated with the silver mineralization. The Boleras deposit is located on a very small area of less than 1.0 square kilometre in the southeast of the property, which itself covers over 60.0 square kilometres. There are several other prospective zones and mineralized targets within the project area which were not tested by the Orex exploration program to date that could be investigated in future programs.

Salamandra

The Salamandra zinc-silver project is located in Durango State, 35 kilometres northeast of the City of Durango, with excellent access by paved and gravel roads. The project area covers 14,719 hectares, and was acquired through staking of claims and an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the central 900 hectares of claims based on a schedule of payments of which US\$225,000 has been paid to date, and subject to a net smelter returns royalty ("NSR"). In April 2017, this agreement was renegotiated to provide for the Company to acquire a 100% interest in the 900 hectares within the project area by making a final payment of US\$25,000, for a total of US\$250,000 over the term of the agreement. These claims will be subject to a 0.5% NSR that can be purchased from the owner for US\$500,000.

Past exploration by Canasil at Salamandra includes geological mapping and surface sampling, 3D-IP ground geophysics, ZTEM airborne geophysics and twelve diamond drill holes for a total of 3,595 metres. Eleven out of the twelve drill holes intersected zinc-silver mineralized zones, including high-grade silver and zinc intercepts of up to 12.00% Zn over 7.45 metres and 102 g/t Ag over 9.85 metres within wider mineralized sections. The ZTEM airborne geophysics and detailed surface sampling identified a large electromagnetic signature over an area of 3.5 kilometres by 2.5 kilometres, a vein exposure where a 0.90 metre sample returned 2,150 g/t Ag, 5.39% copper ("Cu") and 1.89% Zn, and significant silver-copper-zinc-lead as well as arsenic-antimony geochemical anomalies providing indications of the potential for a buried intrusive hosted mineralized system. The principal target at Salamandra is centred upon a funnel-shaped granitic intrusive and dyke complex that cuts highly folded mudstones, greywacke and limestone. The older sedimentary rocks have been contact metamorphosed by the intrusive complex, resulting in limestone converting to skarn and the older units becoming hornfels. The geology and style of mineralization observed at Salamandra are reported o be similar to the San Martin-Sabinas silver-base metal mines, located 80 kilometres southeast of the project.

In May 2013, the Company signed an option agreement with MAG on the Salamandra project providing MAG with the right to earn up to a 70% interest in the property. In February 2016, MAG withdrew from the agreement without earning an interest in the project and as a result Canasil retains a 100% interest in Salamandra. The Company received cash payments totaling \$500,000 from MAG during the period of the agreement.

MAG reported completion of \$5.8 million in cumulative qualifying expenditures to December 31, 2015. The exploration programs included surface sampling and data review in 2013, followed by Phase-1, Phase-2, and Phase-3 diamond drill programs for a total of 14,382 metres in 23 drill holes completed between 2013 and 2015. The surface sampling and data review identified indications of large carbonate replacement deposits at Salamandra. The drill programs reported encouraging high-grade silver-copper-zinc intercepts, pervasive zinc mineralization, and finally, an interesting interval of gold-tungsten mineralization.

Highlights of the MAG drill programs at Salamandra included the following drill holes:

- SA14-15 intersected high-grade silver-copper mineralization over 7.89 metres, assaying 166 g/t Ag and 1.2% Cu, including 2.3 metres grading 393 g/t Ag and 3.6% Cu with anomalous lead and zinc;
- SA13-13 cut 31.72 metres grading 3.5% Zn including 17.72 metres grading 5.0% Zn with no other anomalous metals. Notably, SA13-13 contained zinc mineralization for almost its entire length, with 810 metres averaging 0.6% Zn including several thick zones grading over 1.5% Zn;
- SA14-14 returned two intercepts, one with 0.48 metres of 197 g/t Ag, 0.4% Cu and 1.1% Zn, and the second with 0.42 metres of 108 g/t Ag, 0.5% Cu, and 0.6% Zn;
- SA14-20 cut 0.63 metres grading 258 g/t Ag with 0.27% Cu lying immediately above 9.9 metres grading 2.3% Zn:
- SA14-19, 22, and 24 all cut significant widths of zinc mineralization; hole SA14-28 cut 173.46 metres of 1.0% Zn starting 20 metres below the surface;

Salamandra manifests signs of an extensive, complex system with a strong metals endowment. Pervasive zinc mineralization intersected in most of the drill holes, the high-grade silver-copper intercepts and deeper gold and tungsten intercepts indicate the potential for a large metalliferous system at Salamandra. This system remains open for expansion through additional drilling.

Qualified Person, Quality Assurance and Control: The above results were compiled and provided by MAG; for details regarding the Qualified Person and Quality Assurance and Control procedures, please refer to the MAG news release dated March 17, 2014 for the Phase-1 results, and July 21, 2014, for the Phase-2 results, and December 17, 2015, for the Phase-3 results.

Brenda

The Brenda gold-copper project covers 4,450 hectares, and is located in north-central British Columbia, 20 kilometres northwest of the past producing Kemess South Mine. Cumulative exploration expenditures of over \$3.8 million to date include satellite surveys, airborne and ground geophysics, extensive geological mapping and sampling and 11,000 metres of diamond drilling in 64 drill holes. These programs highlight the potential for a deepseated porphyry gold-copper system at the Brenda project, possibly similar in style to mineralization found at the nearby Kemess Underground (North Kemess) deposit being advanced by AuRico Metals Inc., located approximately 15 kilometres southeast of the Brenda property.

Two deep drill holes intersected broad gold-copper mineralized zones with increasing grades to a depth of 560 metres, with the average grade of five intercepts above a depth of 450 metres returning 0.48 g/t Au and 0.079% Cu over a combined intercept length of 394 metres; the average grade of three intercepts below 450 metres returned 0.68 g/t Au and 0.116% Cu over a combined intercept length of 93 metres. The mineralized system averages 300 to 400 metres in width, and has been traced along a strike length of 400 metres by drilling, with a potential strike length in excess of 1,000 metres indicated by the chargeability anomalies observed in a 3-Dimensional Induced Polarization geophysical survey. In August 2013, a 962-metre diamond drill hole, BR-13-01, was completed to twin BR-07-04 and investigate the possibility of higher grade gold-copper mineralization at depth. This drill hole returned lower grades than the equivalent intercepts in BR-97-04 from 504 metres to 572 metres, and the intercepts below 570 metres returned no significant gold-copper mineralization with only low copper and gold values over certain intervals.

Canasil Resources Inc. - Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis Quarterly Highlights for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

The mineralized intercepts and post mineral intrusions observed in drilling to date reflect the characteristic signature observed in large porphyry systems. Further review will be required to determine the structural setting based on the prior data and deeper penetrating geophysical surveys are needed to define prospective mineralized zones.

In late 2016 and early 2017, the Company undertook a comprehensive technical review of the Brenda project data. All historical data has been reviewed and checked prior to modelling and analysis using modelling software. Detailed analysis of the data has identified targets for further exploration including additional mapping and sampling, deeper sensing ground and airborne geophysics and drill testing. The Company is preparing a detailed report covering the results of this work and proposed exploration programs, and has applied for a five-year exploration permit including 10,000 metres of drilling. There has been increasing interest in copper-gold porphyry systems in British Columbia from larger mining and exploration companies. The recent favourable ruling on the Environmental Assessment for the neighbouring Kemess Underground deposit of AuRico Metals Inc. has also drawn added attention to the area. The Brenda project remains an attractive prospect based on the results to date, excellent road access and proximity to Kemess with its advanced infrastructure including power grid, year-round airfield, and mining facilities including accommodations for employees. There was no field work carried out on the Brenda project during the period. Assessment filings based on exploration work completed to date at the Brenda project have extended the claim validity on all Brenda claims to May 30, 2024.

Vega

The Vega project is located in north-central British Columbia, approximately 300 kilometres northwest of Prince George, BC, with access via the Omineca Mines Access Road and logging roads. The project covers 9,002 hectares on the Quesnel trough trend running through central British Columbia and hosting the Mount Milligan, Chuchi, Kwanika, Lorraine and Cat porphyry deposits. There are several showings in the eastern and western sectors of the Vega property prospective for hosting copper-gold porphyry mineralization. Most of the past exploration work done by Canasil has been focused on the eastern Vega showings where there are historical workings and adits with high gold and copper samples, as well as zones of anomalous gold and copper geochemistry identified from surface sampling. More recent work has identified additional gold/copper showings on the western side of the property, most notably the Pluto showing.

In September 2016, the Company carried out prospecting field work on the Pluto and Vega showings. This work confirmed past observations on the Vega showing, and in particular highlighted the Pluto showing identifying the surface signature typical of the upper levels of porphyry copper-gold mineralized systems. The Company conducted an airborne magnetics geophysical survey covering the Vega property area in November 2016. This survey returned very encouraging results highlighting structural corridors which are prospective for hosting porphyry mineralized systems both in the east and west of the project area.

The Company plans to follow up on this work in the 2017 field season with further surface sampling and evaluation of these zones to define drill targets. Total expenditures on the Vega property in 2016 amounted to \$70,977, which included staking of additional claims to cover prospective ground.

Technical

Jerry Blackwell, P. Geo. British Columbia, and Advisor to the Board of Canasil, is the Company's designated Qualified Person in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 in relation to data provided with regard to exploration programs undertaken by the Company. On projects under option with MAG and Orex, the Company has also relied on the Qualified Persons at these companies who are responsible for the exploration programs under the terms of option agreements.

Canasil Resources Inc. - Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis Quarterly Highlights for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

Cautionary Note

Certain statements made and information contained in this MD&A and elsewhere constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the Ontario Securities Act. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forwardlooking statements, including, without limitation, risks and uncertainties relating to the interpretation of drill results and the estimation of mineral resources, the geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits, the possibility that future exploration, development results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations, accidents, equipment breakdowns, title matters and surface access, labour disputes, the potential for delays in exploration activities, the potential for unexpected costs and expenses, commodity price fluctuations, currency fluctuations, failure to obtain adequate financing on a timely basis and other risks and uncertainties, including those described under Risk Factors in each management discussion and analysis. In addition, forward-looking information is based on various assumptions including, without limitation, the expectations and beliefs of management, the assumed long term price of precious and base metals, that the Company will receive required permits and access to surface rights, that the Company can access financing, appropriate equipment, sufficient labour and subcontractors, and that the political environment within the Company's operating jurisdictions will continue to support the development of environmentally safe mining projects. Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Approval

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this interim MD&A – Quarterly Highlights. A copy of this MD&A and previously published financial statements and MD&A, as well as other information is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com, and on the Company's website at www.canasil.com